

Designed for ventilated patients with bypassed airways in the home or in long-term care facilities



HC550 HEATED HUMIDIFIER

The HC550 heated humidifier is part of the F&P 550 System designed to deliver optimally humidified gas to patients in the home or in long-term care facilities.

This dual-feedback system incorporates advanced algorithms designed to achieve optimal levels of humidity, while minimizing caregiver attention.

The simplified system interface of the HC550 displays only the required information for easy operation in the home or in long-term care facilities.





Maintaining the natural balance

The **F&P 550 System**, from the developers of ThermoSmart[™] technology, is designed to deliver Optimal Humidity while reducing condensate.

PHYSIOLOGICAL HUMIDITY

The goal of airway humidification is to maintain and support the normal physiological environment in the airways. Healthy individuals breathing in ambient air, e.g. 22 °C, 7 mg/L, warm and humidify the air to an average of 31 °C, 32 mg/L with nasal breathing at the pharynx.¹

Bypassing the natural humidification systems in the upper airway, for example with a tracheostomy, means that a patient's airways become less efficient at warming and humidifying gas. Bypassed airways result in impaired sneeze and gag reflexes, meaning that the principal remaining line of airway defense is the mucociliary transport system.

The F&P 550 System is designed to deliver Optimal Humidity of 37 °C, 44 mg/L (100% Relative Humidity)² to patients with bypassed airways. This preserves mucociliary function and maintains mucus clearance.



O OPTIMAL HUMIDITY

Optimal Humidity is the level of humidity at which mucociliary function is preserved. It aims to mimic the physiological levels of humidity in the lower airway.

Gas delivered at optimal conditions (37 °C body temperature, 44 mg/L fully saturated water vapor) will prevent the depletion of moisture in the mucociliary transport system, and maintain mucus clearance.

GOALS OF OPTIMAL HUMIDITY

- Preserve mucociliary function^{2,3}
- Reduce airway drying⁴
- Clear retained secretions⁵
- Maintain patient airways⁶
- Allow ease of suctioning⁷
- Maximize patient outcomes⁸



The **F&P 550 System** has been designed to deliver Optimal Humidity (37 °C, 44 mg/L) in the home or long-term care facilities.

The HC550 humidifier has fewer user-adjustable settings and technical displays than those on hospitalfocused humidifiers. Designed with only two user-operated buttons, a power button and a mute button, sophisticated measurement technologies and control algorithms manage temperature control in a range of ambient environments, while smart sensing technologies detect periods of standby, reducing nuisance alarms.



HC550 HEATED HUMIDIFIER	
Supply voltage	115 V~
Frequency	50/60 Hz
Supply current	2.0 A Max
Power input	220 VA
Flow range	< 40 LPM invasive mode
Dimensions	140 x 173 x 135 mm (without chamber fitted)
Heater-plate capacity	150 W at nominal mains voltage
Heater-plate thermal cutout	118 ± 6 °C
Heater-wire supply	22 ± 5 V~, 60 W
Weight	2.8 kg (without chamber)
Recommended temperature	Ambient temperature range 20-26 °C
Display temperature range	10-70 °C, accuracy: ± 0.3 °C (in 25-45 °C range). Not visible during normal operation.
Warm-up time	< 30 minutes



Subdued display and indicators

• Visible only when required – during setup or alarm states



Setup indicator diagram and alarms

 Setup issues or alarm states are indicated by lighted areas on a simplified diagram and audio alarms



Preset temperature output

- Set by the clinician, minimizing user setup
- Mode of operation can be set using an advanced menu



Color-coded sockets

- Color coded for easy operation
- Secure connection
- Connection errors are detected



Accessories

• A heater-wire adaptor provides power to heated circuits and the temperature/ flow probe provides feedback from chamber and circuit



DirectConnect invasive interfaces

 Delivers optimally humidified gas directly into a tracheostomy, allowing ease of positioning and freedom of movement

Dual spiral heater-wire condensation management

- Ensures even heat distribution leading to reduced condensate
- Lightweight, highly flexible tubing

Dual-float auto-feed chamber

• Automatic refilling from a water bag and a dual-float mechanism, to maintain a consistent water level

SET-UP GUIDE



For more information please contact your local Fisher & Paykel Healthcare representative.

REFERENCES

- 1. Primiano FJ, Saidel G, Montague FJ, et al. Water vapour and temperature dynamics in the upper airways of normal and CF subjects. Eur Respir J 1988;1(5):407-14.
- 2. Williams R, et al. Relationship between the humidity and temperature of inspired gas and the function of the airway mucosa. Crit Care Med. 1996;24(11):1920-9. Review.
- 3. FPH, Mucociliary Transport Videomicroscopy DVD. 185045505 Rev B.
- 4. Branson RD. Preventing moisture loss from intubated patients. Clin Pulm Med. 2000; 7(4):187-189. Review.
- 5. Robinson BR. Inhalation therapies in the ICU. Curr Opin Crit Care. 2009;15(1):1-9. Review.
- 6. Branson RD. Secretion management in the mechanically ventilated patient. Respir Care. 2007;52(10):1328-42.
- 7. Branson RD & Campbell RS. Humidification in the intensive care unit. Respir Care Clin N Am. 1998;4(2):305-20. Review.
- 8. Rankin N. What is optimal humidity? Respir Care Clin N Am. 1998;4(2):321-28. Review.

